IM-SAFE

Harmonised Transport Infrastructure Monitoring in Europe for Optimal Maintenance and Safety

IM-SAFE (ref. 958171)

<u>www.IM-safe-project.eu</u> <u>https://www.linkedin.com/company/im-safe-project/</u> <u>https://cordis.europa.eu/project/id/958171</u>



AFTERNOON SESSION

Moderated by A.J. Bigaj-van Vliet (TNO, the Netherlands)

Data-informed structural performance assessment

Contributors: P. Darò ¹, G. Mancini ¹, A. Strauss ², D.L. Allaix ³, A.J. Bigaj-van Vliet ³

Risk assessment and risk-based framework

Contributors: H. van Meerveld ³, B. Cerar ³, A.J. Bigaj-van Vliet ³, A. Strauss ², L. Ptacek ²

¹ SACERTIS Ingegneria S.r.l., Turin, Italy
 ² University of Natural Resources and Life Sciences, Vienna, Austria
 ³ TNO, Delft, the Netherlands



Data-informed structural performance assessment

Contributors: P. Darò, G. Mancini, A. Strauss, D.L. Allaix, A.J. Bigaj-van Vliet

Speaker: P. Darò (SACERTIS Ingegneria S.r.l., Turin, Italy)

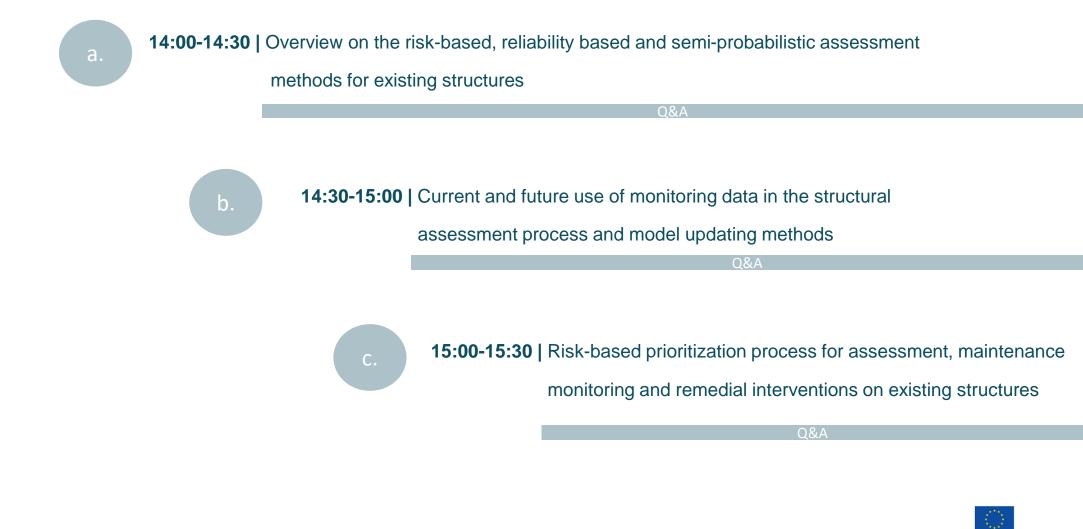


Dr.ir. Paola Darò

- IM-SAFE WP Leader (Data informed safety evaluation and maintenance management)
- SACERTIS Ingegneria S.r.l
- Technical Director Engineering Department
- SHM, structural diagnostics, data analytics field expert
- Former Research Fellow DISEG Politecnico di Torino
- MIT Technology Review Italy Award as Young Innovator TR35 2019



DATA-INFORMED STRUCTURAL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT





DATA-INFORMED STRUCTURAL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

14:00-14:30 | Overview on the risk-based, reliability based and semi-probabilistic assessment methods for existing structures
 Q&A
 14:30-15:00 | Current and future use of monitoring data in the structural

assessment process and model updating methods

Q&A

С.

15:00-15:30 | Risk-based prioritization process for assessment, maintenance monitoring and remedial interventions on existing structures

Q&A





Definition of Structural Performance

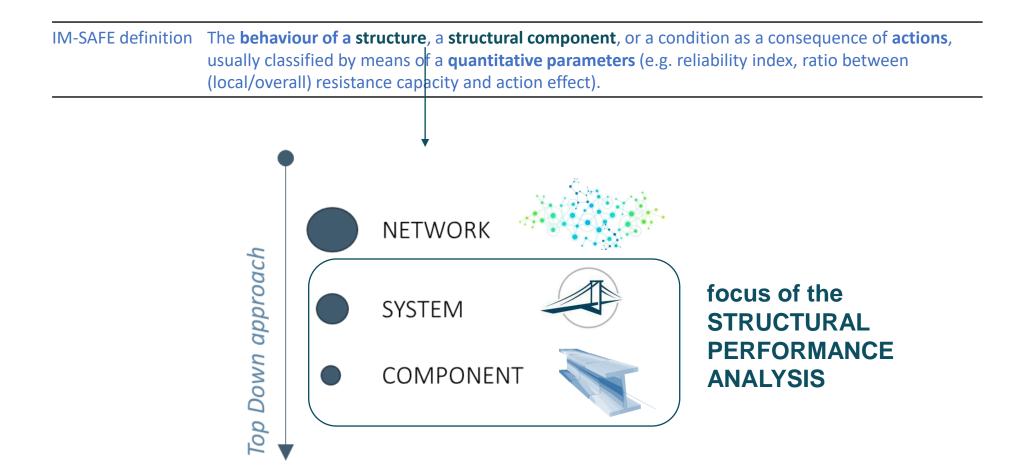
IM-SAFE definition The **behaviour of a structure**, a **structural component**, or a condition as a consequence of **actions**, usually classified by means of a **quantitative parameters** (e.g. reliability index, ratio between (local/overall) resistance capacity and action effect).

fib Model Code 2010:2013	COST TU1402	ISO 2394:2015	ISO 13822:2010	ISO 13824:2009	ISO 13824:2020
The behaviour of a structure or a structural element as a consequence of actions to which it is subjected or which it generates. ¹	Behaviour of the structure or one of its members usually quantified by means of a quantitative parameters (e.g. reliability index, ratio between resistance capacity and action effect)	(e.g. load bearing capacity, stiffness, etc.)	Qualitative or quantitative representation of the behaviour of a structure (e.g. load bearing capacity, stiffness) in terms of its safety and serviceability.	-	-

¹Note : In fib Model Code 2010:2013 the term structural performance is referred to as *performance*

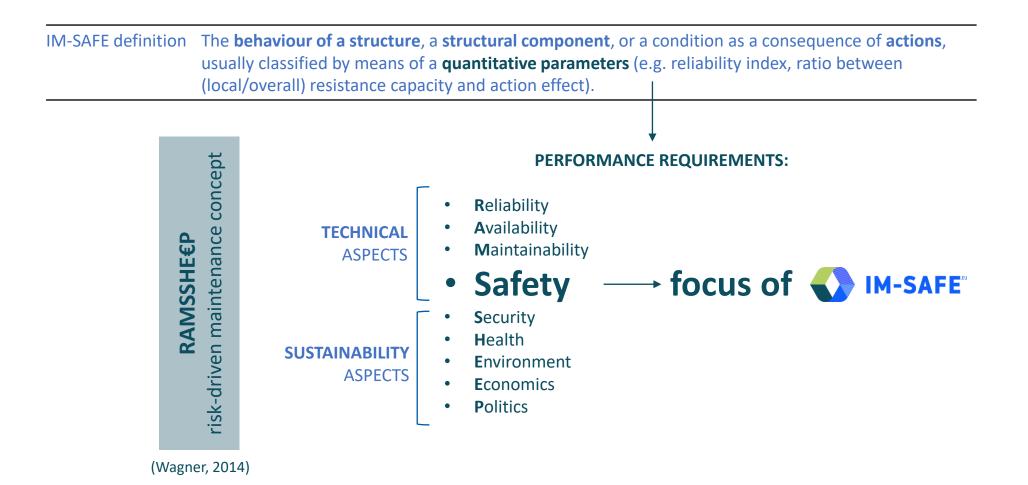


Definition of Structural Performance



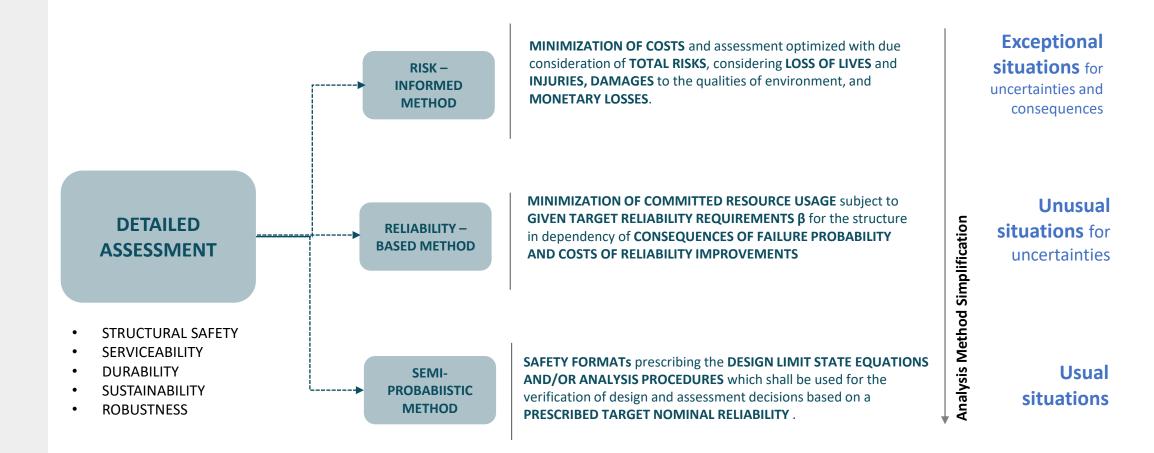


Definition of Structural Performance





Structural Performance Assessment





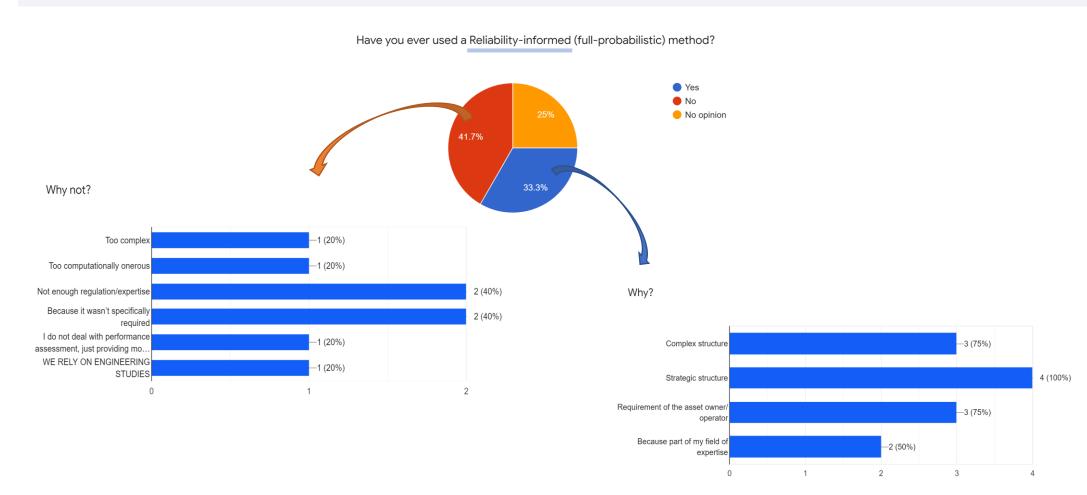
IM-SAFE

H2020 Project IM-SAFE - 958171

Co-funded by the Horizon 202 Framework Programme of the European Union

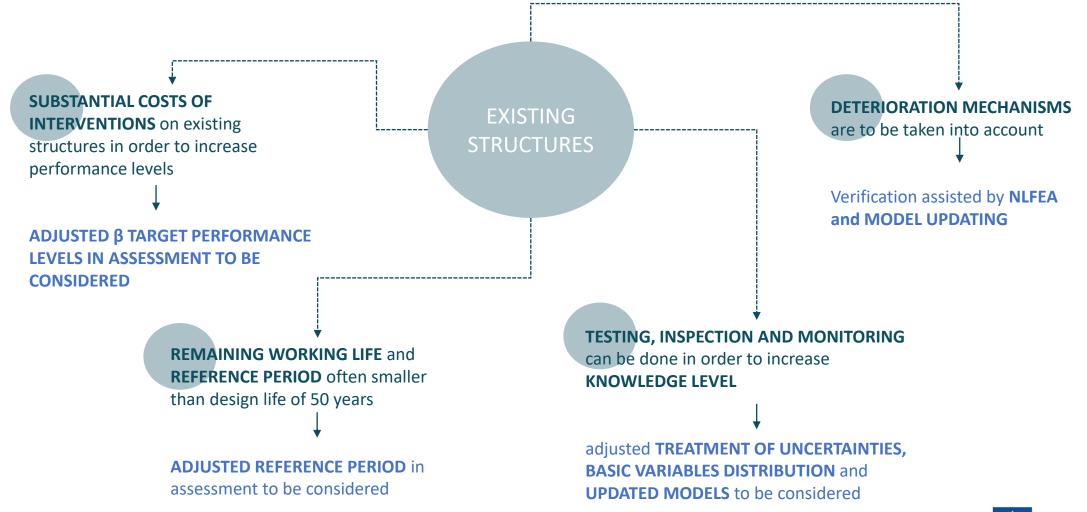
CoP experience

ASSESSMENT METHODS



Co-funded by the Horizon 2020 Framework Programme of the European Union







H2020 Project IM-SAFE - 958171

reliability index β :

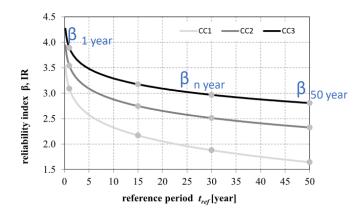
 $\beta = -\Phi^{-1}(P_f)$

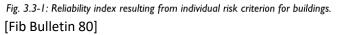
(3.3-1)

where

IM-SAFE

- $\Phi(\cdot)$ is the standard normal probability distribution function;
- P_f is the failure probability corresponding to a specified reference period.





The **REFERENCE PERIOD** is the timeframe used as a basis for assessing the statistical parameters of time dependent variables and of the target reliability.

EXISTING CONCRETE STRUCTURES:

Recommended target reliability levels for structural design (ULS)				
Annual target β -values for structures to be designed, based on economic optimisation				
Relative cost of safety measure	Consequence Class			
	CC1	CC2	CC3	
Large (A)	3.1	3.3	3.7	
Normal (B)	4.2	4.4		
Small (C)	4.2	4.4	4.7	
Informative target reliability indices β for structures to be designed, related to a 50-year reference period				
Relative cost of safety measure	CC1	CC2	CC3	
Normal (B)	3.3	3.8	4.3	
Recommended annual target reliability levels for assessment of existing structures (ULS)				
Relative cost of safety measure	CC1	CC2	CC3	
Large (A)	3.1	3.3	3.7	
Recommended target reliability levels for upgrade of existing structures (ULS)				
While slightly lower values can be normally justified for θ_{up} -levels in comparison to design target levels, it is common and reasonable to require the compliance with the design levels when upgrading the structure.				

[A.J. Bigaj-van Vliet (TNO), JCSS Workshop on Assessment of Existing Structures, 28th - 29th Jan 2021]



New **MODEL CODE 2020** recommends principles of probabilistic structural limit state design with a possibility for differentiating the **RELIABILITY LEVEL PROMOTING THE** <u>ANNUAL APPROACH</u>:

NEW

βnew - level indicating desired reliability for design of new structures

FITTNESS FOR PURPOSE β_0 - level below which the existing structure is considered unreliable and should be upgraded

REPAIR / UPGRADE

M-SAFE

 β_{up} - level indicating an optimum upgrade strategy while upgrading of existing structures

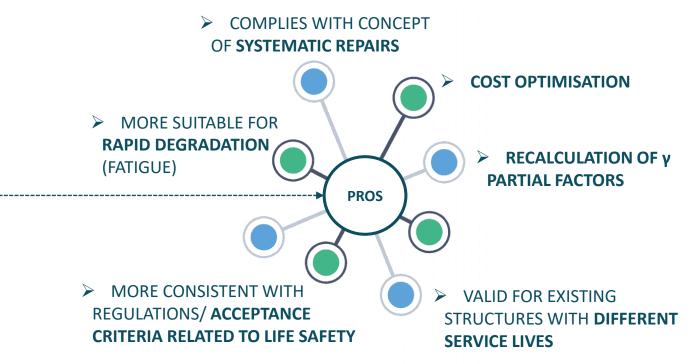
EXISTING CONCRETE STRUCTURES:

Recommended target reliability levels for structural design (ULS)				
Annual target β -values for structures to be designed, based on economic optimisation				
Relative cost of safety measure	Consequence Class			
	CC1	CC2	CC3	
Large (A)	3.1	3.3	3.7	
Normal (B)	3.7	4.2	4.4	
Small (C)	4.2		4.7	
Informative target reliability indices β for structures to be designed, related to a 50-year reference period				
Relative cost of safety measure	CC1	CC2	CC3	
Normal (B)	3.3	3.8	4.3	
Recommended annual target reliability levels for assessment of existing structures (ULS)				
Relative cost of safety measure	CC1	CC2	CC3	
Large (A)	3.1	3.3	3.7	
Recommended target reliability levels for upgrade of existing structures (ULS)				
While slightly lower values can be normally justified for β_{up} -levels in comparison to design target levels, it is common and reasonable to require the compliance with the design levels when upgrading the structure.				

[A.J. Bigaj-van Vliet (TNO), JCSS Workshop on Assessment of Existing Structures, 28th - 29th Jan 2021]



New **MODEL CODE 2020** recommends principles of probabilistic structural limit state design with a possibility for differentiating the **RELIABILITY LEVEL PROMOTING THE** <u>ANNUAL APPROACH</u>:







Q&A

ZOOM POLL QUESTION:

• Is the **RELIABILITY DIFFERENTIATION BETWEEN NEW AND EXISTING BRIDGES** already known/regulated in your country?



βnew - level indicating desired reliability for design of new structures

OPEN DISCUSSION:

• Do you see the **BENEFITS** of having the differentiation?

FITTNESS FOR PURPOSE β_0 - level below which the existing structure is considered unreliable and should be upgraded



 β_{up} - level indicating an optimum upgrade strategy while upgrading of existing structures



Framework for standardization

DATA-INFORMED STRUCTURAL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

14:00-14:30 | Overview on the risk-based, reliability based and semi-probabilistic assessment methods for existing structures



14:30-15:00 Current and future use of monitoring data in the structural assessment process and model updating methods

Q&A

C.

15:00-15:30 | Risk-based prioritization process for assessment, maintenance monitoring and remedial interventions on existing structures

Q&A





[CEN/TS 17440]

NEED FOR ASSESSMENT IN TIM EXTERNAL CAUSE	E STRUCTURAL ISSUES	N-S-C LEVEL*	ASSESSMENT TYPE	AVAILABLE / REQUIRED INFOS
•	CONSTRUCTION ERRORS	s c	DETAILED	 ORIGINAL DESIGN DOCUMENTS AS-BUILT & CONSTRUCTION DETAILS (BIM)
SCHEDULED ASSESSMENT for ASSET MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME		N S C	PRELIMINARY DETAILED	PERIODIC/DETAILED INSPECTIO SURVEYS OUTCOMES
•	DETERIORATION PROCESSES	N S C	PRELIMINARY DETAILED	DEFECTS, DETERIORATION CHARACTERIZATION
• CHANGE OF DESIGN LOADS		N S C	PRELIMINARY DETAILED	аб
 CHANGE OF HAZARDS (e.g. landslide, accidental actions)* 		S C	DETAILED	INSPECTION AND TESTING RESULTS MATERIAL PROPERTIES HAZARDS
RETROFITTING		S C	DETAILED	DISCRETE/CONTINUOUS (IN SPACE
• NEED FOR EXTENSION OF WORKING LIFE		S C	DETAILED	 abbound of the second state of th
*[IM-SAFE integration to		[*N=Network		

CEN/TS 17440]

IM-SAFE

[*N=Network S=System C=Component]



INFORMATION FROM INSPECTION, MONITORING, TESTING

The proposed framework for the DATA INFORMED PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT allows to incorporate:



REMAINING WORKING LIFE

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FROM INSPECTION, MONITORING AND TESTING **DIRECT INFORMATION =** quantity of interest

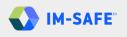
• **BASIC VARIABLES**: updating of probability distributions, mean values or assessment values of basic variables

INDIRECT INFORMATION = indicator of the quantity

- PROBABILITY OF FAILURE: updating of the probability of the structural failure by using information from load testing or about the past performance
- **MODEL UPDATING**: deterministic or probabilistic methods to update numerical structural models







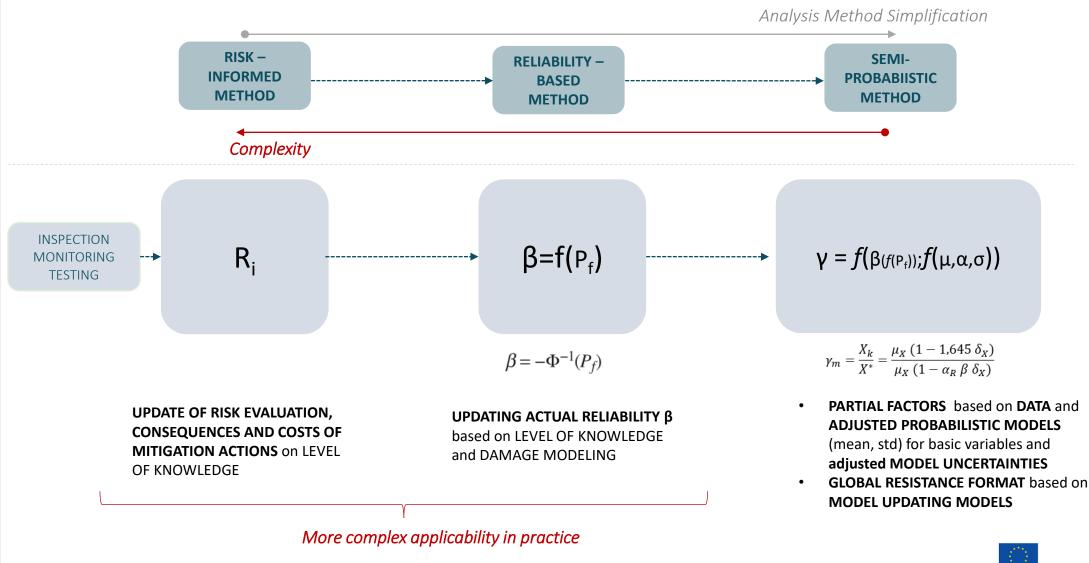
MEASUREMENT & MODEL UNCERTAINTIES

Decisions concerning structures shall account for all uncertainties of relevance for their performances such as:

UNCERTAINTIES	INFLUENCE OF INSPECTION, MONITORING & TESTING
ALEATORY UNCERTAINTIES inherent natural variability	_
STATISTICAL UNCERTAINTIES lack of data	Reduced with INCREASED NUMBER OF SAMPLES - Updated STANDARD DEVIATION of basic variables with the DATA COLLECTION
Other EPISTEMIC UNCERTAINTIES lack of knowledge on the structural system (as-built), model uncertainties	Reduced with SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS to identify KEY PARAMETERS and VULNERABLE ZONES to be monitored





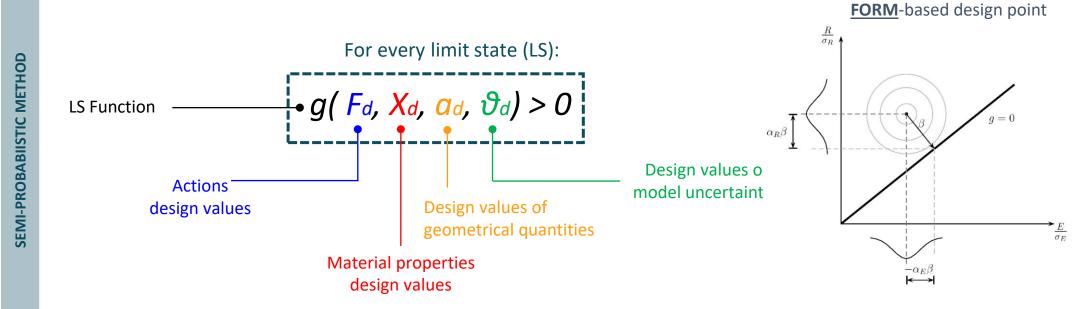




H2020 Project IM-SAFE - 958171

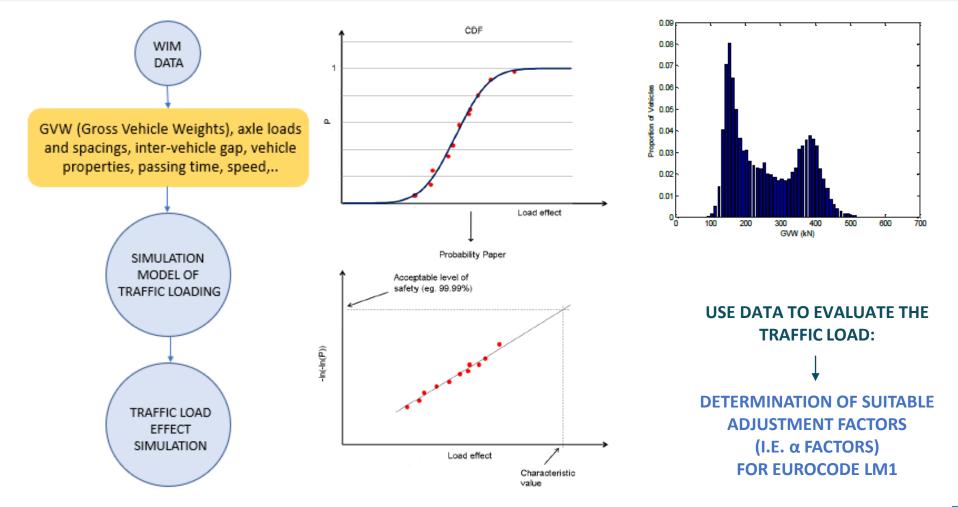
ramework Programme of the European Unior

LIMIT STATE GENERAL FRAMEWORK (EN 1990/2002)





ACTIONS : TRAFFIC LOADS

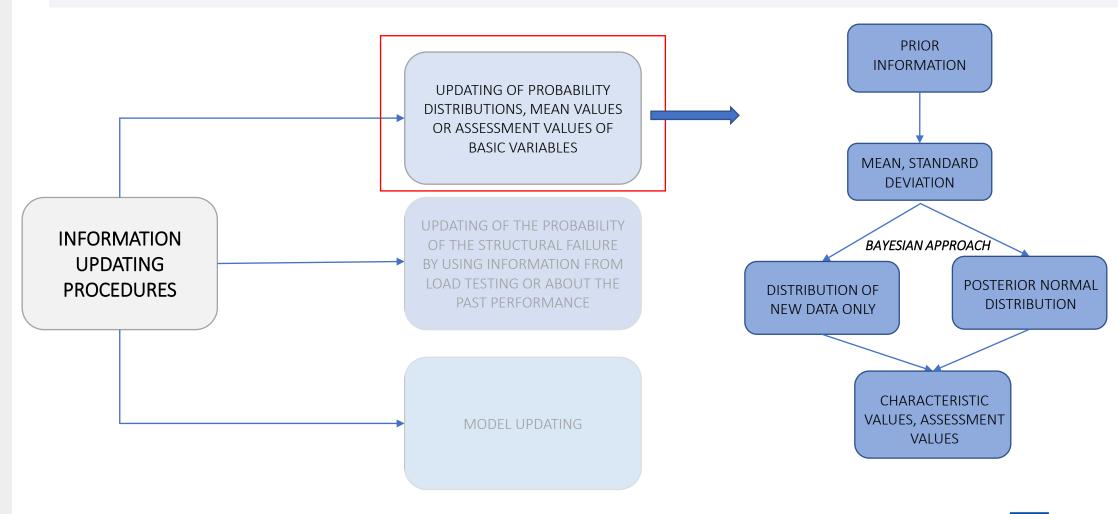








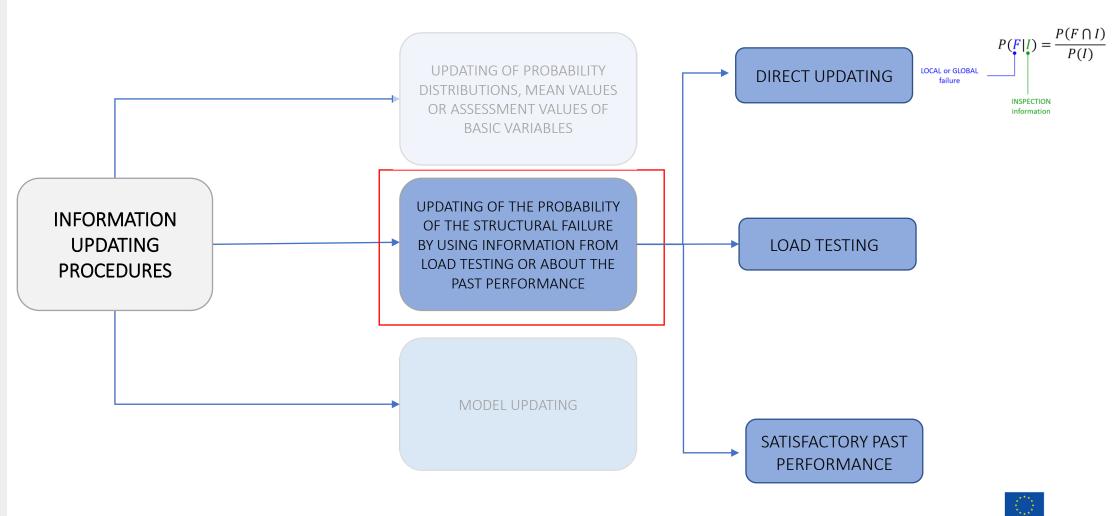
RESISTANCE :





Co-funded by the Horizon 2020 Framework Programme of the European Union

RESISTANCE :





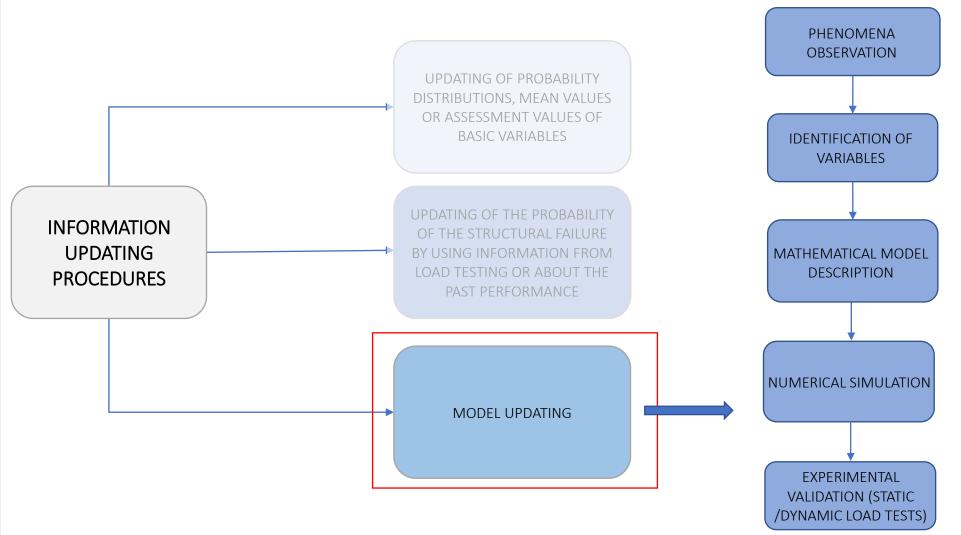
H2020 Project IM-SAFE - 958171

Co-funded by the Horizon 2020

Framework Programme of the European Union

RESISTANCE :

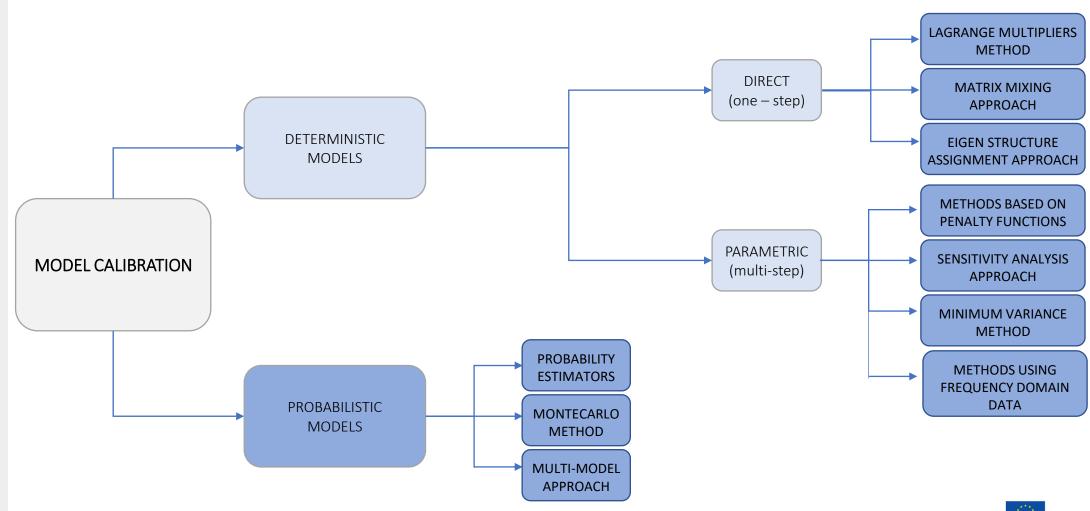
IM-SAFE



Co-funded by the Horizon 2020

Framework Programme of the European Union

RESISTANCE :





Example:

	LEVEL	ANALYSIS METHOD	INFORMATION UPDATING
STIC METHOD	• COMPONENT	PARTIAL FACTOR METHOD	• Update RESISTANCE+ACTIONS DISTRIBUTIONS (σ , μ) • BAYESIAN APPROACH • Update PARTIAL FACTORS for materials and permanent/variable actions $\gamma_m = \frac{X_k}{X_d} = \frac{\mu_x \cdot (1 - 1,645 \cdot V_x)}{\mu_x \cdot (1 - \alpha_R \beta \cdot V_x)}$
SEMI-PROBABIISTIC METHOD	SYSTEM	GLOBAL FACTOR METHOD Increase Analysis Level of Approximation	 Use UPDATED NLFEA MODELS based on DIAGNOSTICS LOAD TESTS Include DAMAGE PERFORMANCE MODELS (evolution+prediction) Model MULTIPLE DAMAGE SCENARIOS Update RESISTANCE+ACTIONS DISTRIBUTIONS (σ , μ) + use mean values Update GLOBAL FACTORS
			$R_{d} = \frac{R_{NLFEM}(f_{m})}{\gamma_{R} \cdot \gamma_{Rd}}$ Log-normality assumption: $\gamma_{R} = \exp(\alpha_{R} \cdot \beta \cdot V_{R})$ Co-funded by the Horizon 20



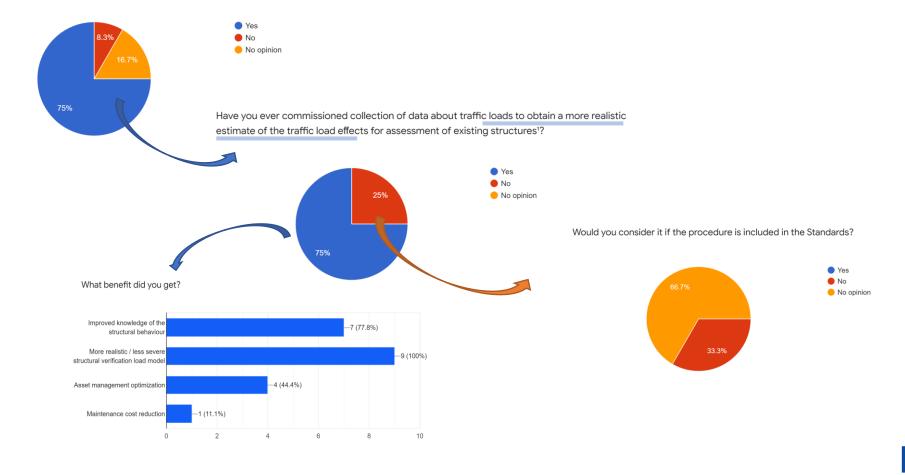
H2020 Project IM-SAFE - 958171

Co-funded by the Horizon 2020 Framework Programme of the European Union

CoP experience

HAZARDS & ACTIONS

If available, would you consider using standardised procedures **to use data** to identify or quantify the actions and the hazards?





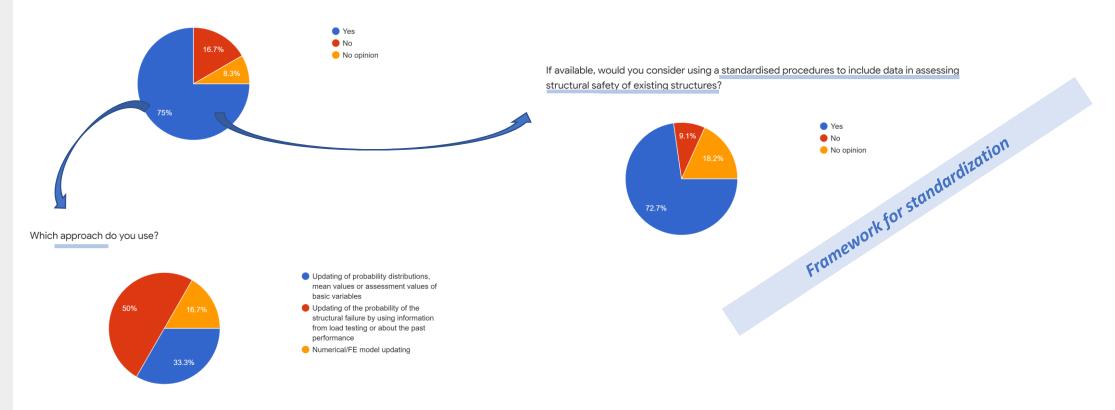
Co-funded by the Horizon 2020 Framework Programme of the European Union

CoP experience

IM-SAFE

DATA-INFORMED PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

When dealing with performance assessment of existing structures, do you use data to assess structural safety?





b.

• Is STANDARDIZATION A PRECONDITION for the use of DATA-INFORMED SAFETY ASSESSMENT?

• is the **DEGRADATION EFFECT or INCREASE/CHANGE OF ACTIONS MAJOR TRIGGERS for data-informed safety assessment** in your practice?



Framework for standardization



DATA-INFORMED STRUCTURAL PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENT

14:00-14:30 | Overview on the risk-based, reliability based and semi-probabilistic assessment methods for existing structures



14:30-15:00 | Current and future use of monitoring data in the structural

assessment process and model updating methods

Q&A

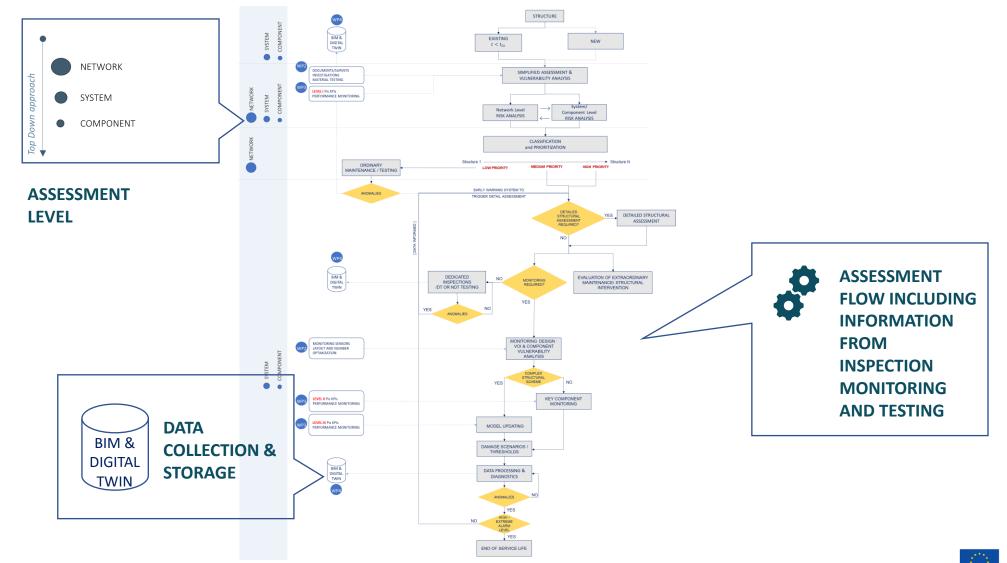
C.

15:00-15:30 | Risk-based prioritization process for assessment, maintenance monitoring and remedial interventions on existing structures

Q&A

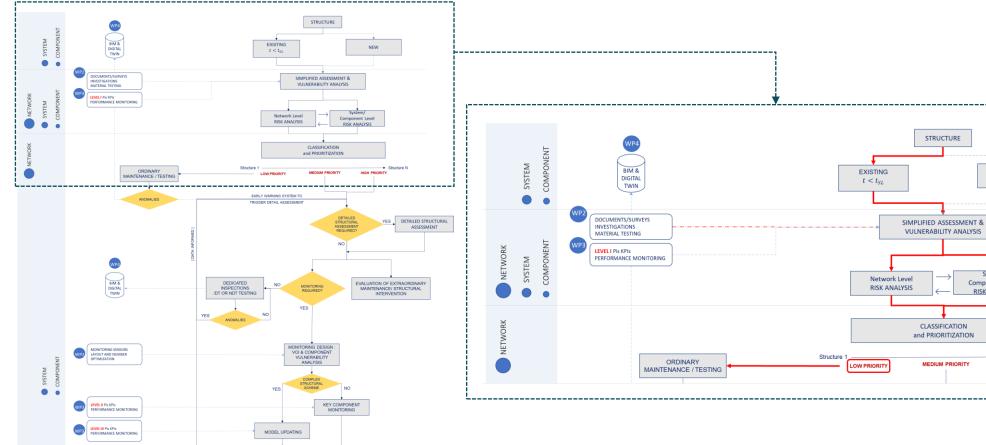








Co-funded by the Horizon 2020 Framework Programme of the European Union









DAMAGE SCENARIOS THRESHOLDS

DATA PROCESSING & DIAGNOSTICS

YES

BIM & DIGITAL TWIN

> Co-funded by the Horizon 2020 Framework Programme of the European Union

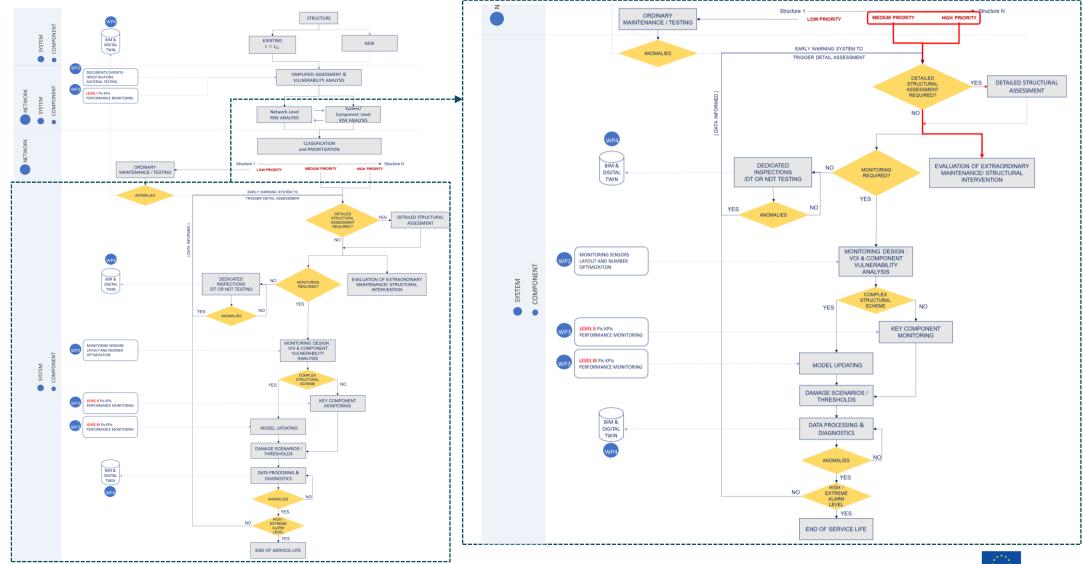
NEW

Structure N

HIGH PRIORITY

Component Level

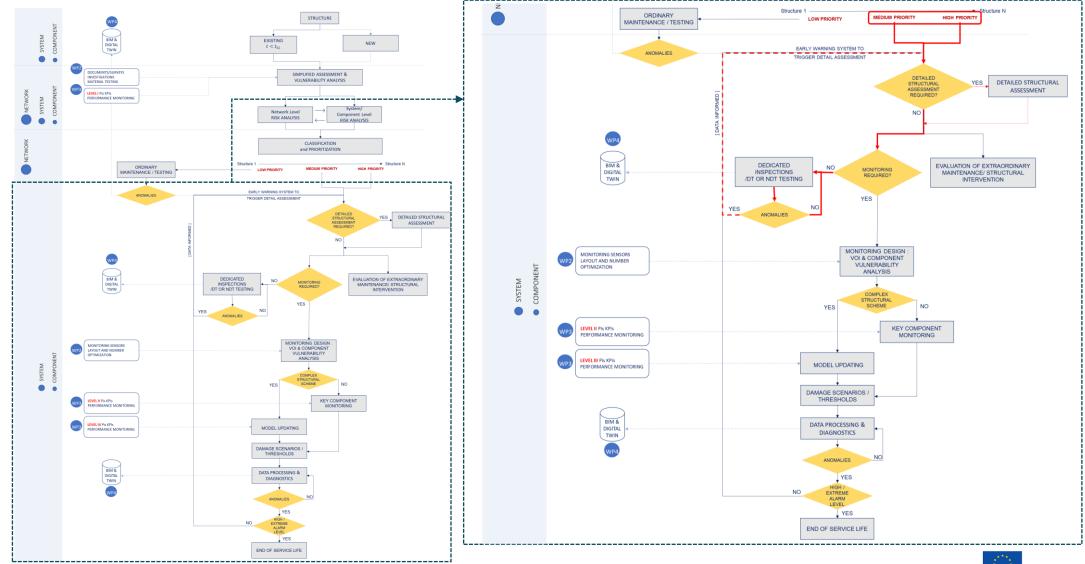
RISK ANALYSIS





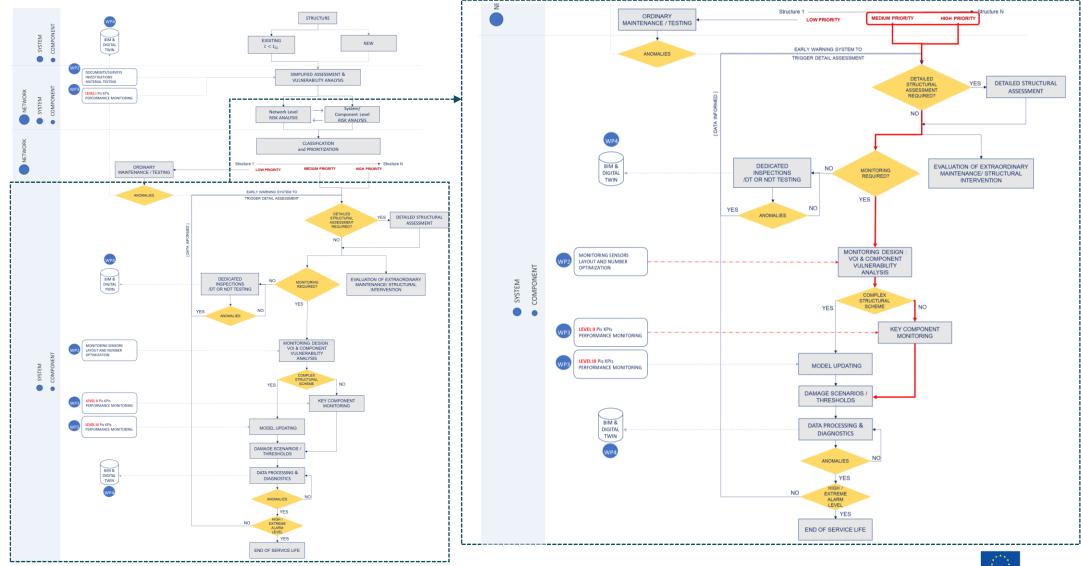
H2020 Project IM-SAFE - 958171

Co-funded by the Horizon 2020 Framework Programme of the European Union





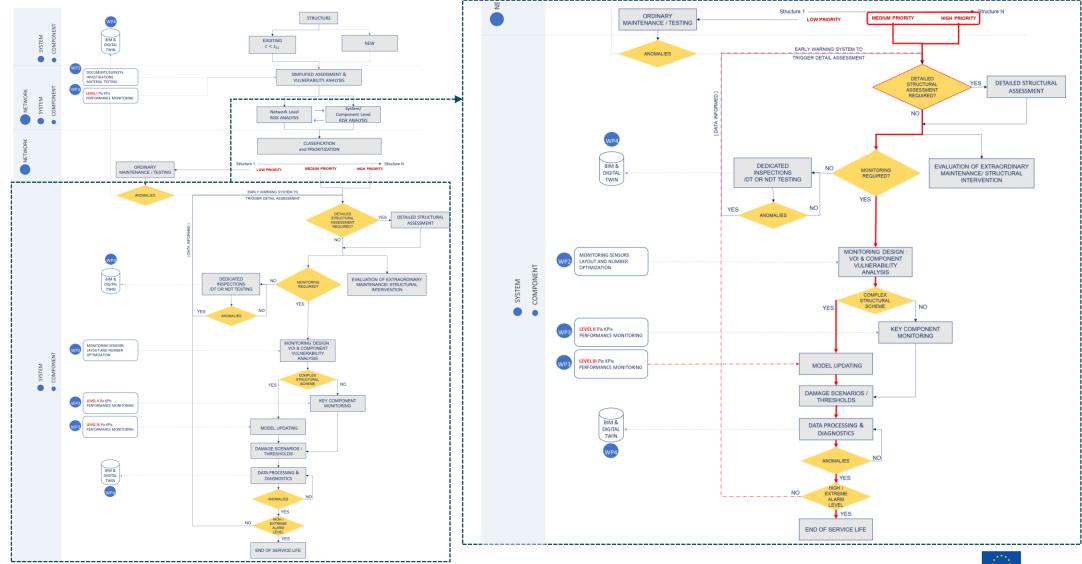
Co-funded by the Horizon 2020 Framework Programme of the European Union





Co-funded by the Horizon 2020 Framework Programme of the European Union

С.





Co-funded by the Horizon 2020 Framework Programme of the European Union

С.

IM SAFE aims to RATIONALIZE THE **DATA-INFORMED SAFETY ASSESSMENT FLOW**

 Can STANDARDIZED PROCEDURES provide a VALID GUIDANCE to REGULATE WHEN/WHY/HOW TO REQUEST DATA for SAFETY ASSESSMENT ?





Co-funded by the Horizon 2020 Framework Programme of the European Union

Framework for standardization



Thank you all for attending, questions, input, etc.



<u>www.IM-safe-project.eu</u> <u>https://www.linkedin.com/company/im-safe-project/</u> <u>https://cordis.europa.eu/project/id/958171</u>

IM-SAFE (ref. 958171)

